MYSORE REVENUE SURVEY AND SETTLEMENT DEPARTMENT.

Notification No. 7, *dated* 4*th January* 1908.

It is hereby notified for general information that the announcement of the revised rates of assessment in 306 Government villages composing the Sorab Taluk of the Shimoga District, will be commenced at Kasaba Sorab on or about the 5th February 1908.

D. SHAMA RAO, *Supt., Mysore Rev. Survey.*

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

Notification D. No. 27, *dated* 4*th January* 1908.

TEXT-BOOKS OF LOCAL EXAMINATIONS.

The following are prescribed as the Text-Books for the Mysore Lower Secondary Examination of November 1909 :—

KANNADA—

Prose.—Selections to be published by the Department.

Poetry.—Padyasara, Part I (New Edition) stanzas 343—543.

SANSKRIT— FIRST LANGUAGE.

1. Visvagunâdarsa (Bombay Edition) pp. 1—82 (From the beginning to the end of Venkatagiri-varnana)
2. Kumara Sambhava, Sargas 1—2.

SECOND LANGUAGE.

Selections to be published by the Department.

TELUGU—

Prose.—Rajasekara Charitra, first five Prakaranas.

Poetry.—Nalacharitram.

LATIN—

Caesar de Bello Gallico, Book II.

URDU—

Prose.—Fourth Book by Moulvi Mohamed Ismail (Naval Kishore Press, Lucknow) excluding poetical pieces.

Poetry.—Musaddase Hali up to the Zamima.

PERSIAN— FIRST LANGUAGE.

Prose.—Hikayati Yusuf Shai Sarraj by Revd. Sell (Nizamul Mutabi Press, Madras).

Poetry.—Lalie Manzuma (Nizamul Mutabi Press, Madras).

SECOND LANGUAGE.

Guldastai Danish (Mufidi-am-Press, Lahore).

The following Text-Books are prescribed for the Upper Secondary Examination of 1909 :—

KANNADA—

Prose.—(1) Chikkadevaraja-Vamsavali pp. 1—70.
(2) Chandakausika-Nataka by Basappa Sastri.

Poetry.—(1) Nitimanjari by Mr. B. Narasimhachar, M.A., stanzas 1—100.
(2) Jayanripakavya, Sandhis 1 and 2.
(3) Girijakalyana, Asvasas 1 and 2.

SANSKRIT—

(1) Abhinava Kadambari (in verse) by Dhundiraja (Nirnava Sagara Press, Bombay).
(2) Hitopadesa (Bombay Sanskrit series) edited by Prof. P. Peterson—Mitralabha.

URDU—

Prose.—Mukhaddamai Dewani Hali (Iftekhari Delhi Press, Delhi).

Poetry.—Dewani Momin, 1st half.

PERSIAN—

Prose and Poetry.—Persian Intermediate course, Revised edition, Punjab University.

H. J. BHABHA, *Inspr.-Gen. of Education.*

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL FUNDS.

MYSORE DISTRICT.

Proclamation dated 16*th December* 1907.

Under Section 8 (1) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, it is hereby announced that it is proposed to constitute the T.-Narsipur Town (including the suburbs of Algude, Tirumakudlu and Gargeswari) into a Municipality.

All persons who entertain any objection to the said proposal are requested to submit the same to the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District, with reasons therefor in writing, within two months from the date of the first publication of this proclamation in the *Mysore Gazette*.

The boundaries of the town including the two suburban villages are as shown hereunder.

The following description of the boundaries of the newly constituted T.-Narsipur Municipality in T.-Narsipur Taluk, Mysore District, is published for general information :—

The boundary line of T.-Narsipur Municipal Town commences at the junction of the halla and the eastern boundary line of Revenue Survey No. 147 of Algude village and goes northward, skirting round the eastern and northern boundary line of the same number together with

the northern and western boundary line of Revenue Survey No. 148, keeps to the margin of Algude tank as far as the south-western corner of Revenue Survey No. 559. Here the line turns to north following the western boundary line of Revenue Survey Nos. 559 and 560 and the boundary line of Algude village till it meets the southern boundary line of Revenue Survey No. 626 wherefrom it skirts round the Revenue Survey No. 626 on the southern-western and northern boundary line, and the northern boundary line of Revenue Survey No. 2. Here turning to north, keeps to the western margin of the Narsipur-Nanjangud road as far as the north-eastern corner of Revenue Survey No. 13. Then the line follows the northern boundary line of Revenue Survey Nos. 13, 14, 2 and 22 and crossing the kodi kalve of Algude tank passes through the Narsipur-Nanjangud road meeting the south-western corner of Revenue Survey No. 23, turns to east skirting the eastern boundary line of Revenue Survey Nos. 23, 24, 25 and 26 of Algude village, passes on the eastern boundary line of Revenue Survey Nos. 4, 3, 2, 13 and 14 of T.-Narsipur village, here meeting the Mysore-Narsipur road, turns to west, and keeps to the northern boundary line of Revenue Survey Nos. 14 and 15, then skirting round the eastern-southern and western boundary line of Narsipur-Madigakeri, crosses the above road, and touching the south-western corner of Revenue Survey No. 25 turns to east and keeps to the northern margin of the same road as far as the south-eastern corner of Revenue Survey No. 28 and turns to north-east, passing on the eastern boundary line of Revenue Survey Nos. 28 and 27, crosses over the Kapila river and touches the south-eastern corner of Tirumakudlu village. There turning to north-west, follows the northern bank of the same river till it crosses the Mysore-Narsipur road and touching the south-eastern corner of Revenue Survey No. 79 of Gargeswari village, keeps to the southern margin of the same road as far as the north-eastern corner of Revenue Survey No. 34 of Tirumakudlu village and skirts on the southern boundary line of the same number and that of Tirumakudlu-Madigakeri, *i.e.*, Revenue Survey No. 42 of Tirumakudlu village, as also on the southern and western boundary line of Revenue Survey No. 41 and the western and northern boundary line of Revenue Survey No. 40 and follows the western boundary line of Revenue Survey No. 38, where it meets the Mysore-Narsipur road. Then turning to north-west keeps to the southern margin of the same road till it meets north-eastern corner of Revenue Survey No. 5 of Gargeswari village and following the village boundary line of Gargeswari as far as it touches the 5th furlong stone of the 16th mile in the Mysore-Narsipur road and crossing the same road and meeting the south-eastern corner of Revenue Survey No. 138 follows the Gargeswari village boundary line leaving the Revenue Survey No. 163 of Gargeswari village inside the Municipal limit, meets the above road at the south-western corner of Revenue Survey No. 4, where the line turns to south-east and passes on the eastern margin of the above road up to the north-western corner of Revenue Survey No. 77 of Gargeswari village. Here turning to south continues to be on the eastern boundary line of the same number, skirts on the northern boundary line of Revenue Survey No. 97 and the eastern boundary line of Revenue Survey Nos. 97 and 98 and passes on the northern boundary line of Revenue Survey No. 1. At the north-eastern corner of the above number, the line runs on the northern and eastern boundary line of Tirumakudlu village as far as it meets the junction of the rivers Kaveri and Kapila, where again the line crossing the Kapila river meets the projecting point of Revenue Survey No. 31 of T.-Narsipur village, then skirts the southern bank of the river until it touches the north-eastern corner of Revenue Survey No. 46 of Algude village. Here the line skirting the eastern boundary line of Revenue Survey Nos. 46 and 44 turns to west and following the northern boundary line of Revenue Survey Nos. 42 and 41 and the western boundary line of Revenue Survey No. 41 crosses the Mysore-Talkad-Sivasamudram road and keeps to the southern margin of the above road up to the north-eastern corner of Revenue Survey No. 78. Again skirting on the northern boundary line of Revenue Survey Nos. 78 and 79 of Algude village, turns to south following the eastern margin of the Narsipur-Chamrajnagar road as far as the south-western corner of Revenue Survey No. 85 skirts the northern and eastern boundary line of Revenue Survey No. 87 and continues to be on the eastern boundary line of Revenue Survey Nos. 99, 106 and 105, where it meets the above road. Here the line turning to south goes on the western boundary line of Revenue Survey Nos. 143, 144 and 145 and finally crossing the above road meets the junction of the halla and the eastern boundary line of Revenue Survey No. 147 of Algude village, wherefrom it started.

Proclamation dated 16th December 1907.

Under Section 8 (1) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, it is hereby announced that it is proposed to constitute the Bannur Town, in the T.-Narsipur Taluk, into a Municipality. All persons who entertain any objection to the said proposal are required to submit the same to the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District, with reasons therefor in writing within two months from the date of the first publication of this proclamation in the *Mysore Gazette*. The boundaries of the town are shown hereunder. The boundary line of Bannur Town commences at the south-eastern corner of Revenue Survey No. 414 of Bannur village, goes northward continuing to be on the eastern boundary line of Revenue Survey Nos. 414, 416, 347 and 348 crossing the Mudla hobli, Hanthada kalve turns to north-west and skirting the southern boundary line of Revenue Survey No. 353, follows the western boundary line turns to west, keeps the southern margin of Mysore-Malvalli road, till the north-west corner of

Revenue Survey No. 1986, there it turns to south. Passing on the western boundary line of the same Marigudi kalve, Revenue Survey Nos. 448 and 449 turns to west skirting round the Revenue Survey No. 593 on the northern and western sides as far as the south-eastern corner of Revenue Survey No. 595 turns to west following the southern boundary line of the above survey number up to the north-western corner of Revenue Survey No. 592, turns to south running on the western boundary line of Revenue Survey Nos. 592, 591, 590, 589, 588, 587 and 585, crosses the road from Holageri towards the eastern side. Here again turning to west skirts round the northern and western boundary line of Revenue Survey No. 582. At the south, over the eastern road to Kanchanahalli, keeps to the southern boundary line of Revenue Survey Nos. 581 and 580. Here crossing the western road to Kanchanahalli, till it meets the eastern boundary line of Revenue Survey No. 578 turns to north, passing on the eastern boundary line of the same number skirts round the eastern and northern boundary line of Revenue Survey No. 579, meeting the eastern boundary line of the Holagadda, Hanthada kalve at the south-west corner of Revenue Survey No. 646 turns to north run along the eastern boundary line of Halagadda, Hanthada kalve, crossing the Mysore-Malvalli and Seringapatam-Sivasamudram roads, as far as the north-eastern corner of Revenue Survey No. 40. There skirting the northern boundary line of Revenue Survey No. 39 and crossing the foot-path skirts on the western boundary line of Revenue Survey Nos. 37 and 38 passes on the southern boundary line of Survey No. 38 till it meets the nalla where it follows the eastern boundary line of Revenue Survey Nos. 27 and 3 continuing in the same direction up to the south-west corner of Revenue Survey No. 4 it turns to east and skirts the southern boundary line of Revenue Survey Nos. 4, 17 and 16. Here turning to east goes on the northern boundary line of Revenue Survey No. 15 till it touches the north-west corner of Revenue Survey No. 325. Turning to south skirts round the western and southern boundary line of Revenue Survey No. 323 and the southern boundary of Revenue Survey No. 324 again turning to south follows the western boundary line of Revenue Survey Nos. 327, 331, 332, 334 and the southern boundary line of Revenue Survey No. 334. Here the line turning to south passes on the eastern boundary line of Revenue Survey No. 336 where it meets the Mysore-Malvalli road and keeping to the northern margin of the above road goes as far as the south-eastern corner of Revenue Survey No. 364 Meeting this point the line at last crosses the Mysore-Malvalli road and skirts round the eastern and southern boundary line of Revenue Survey No. 365. Passing on the eastern boundary line of the track to Bettahalli, crosses the same and skirts the eastern boundary line of Revenue Survey No 369 and following the eastern and southern boundary line of Revenue Survey No. 370 meets the Narsipur road, where it turns to south keeping to the eastern margin of the same road as far as the south-west corner of Revenue Survey No. 376. Skirts in the western direction till it meets the south-east corner of Revenue Survey No. 414 where from it started.

T. K. SUNDARARAJA IYENGAR,
For *Dy. Comr.*

HASSAN DISTRICT.

Notification dated 16th December 1907.

The levy of toll on the Bisle Ghat road near Vanagur, in the Manjarabad Taluk, having been sanctioned by Government in Proceedings No. 4665-6 -L. B. 167-07-1, dated the 20th November 1907, a toll-gate will be established near the said Vanagur from 1st January 1908.

1. The toll will be levied at the rates specified in the appended schedule on carts, etc., passing along the road.

2. Only one toll shall be levied at the toll-gate on any cart, etc., passing along the road within a period of twenty-four hours, *i.e.*, from sunrise to sunrise.

3. (i) No toll shall be levied for the passage of carriages, carts or animals—

(*a*) belonging to Local Boards,

(*b*) Conveying District Fund servants on duty, or property in the custody of such servants,

(*c*) licensed by the District Board, during the period of the license,

(*d*) engaged by the Postal Department to convey mails, *vide* Section 65 of the Local Board Rules.

(ii) No toll shall be paid for the passage of troops, or Military Stores, or equipages, or of any Police or other Government officers on duty, or, on passage of any property *bona fide* belonging to Government, as established by the production of a certificate from the Head of the Department to which it belongs.

4. A table of the authorised tolls shall be legibly written in English and in Kannada, and all be put up in a conspicuous place near the toll-gate.

5. Tolls shall be collected at the toll-gate only.

6. Any person who fraudulently or forcibly passes the toll-gate without paying the proper toll, or, who obstructs the toll-collector in the discharge of his duties, shall be liable on conviction before a Magistrate to simple or rigorous imprisonment for any term not exceeding three months, or to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50.